THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

No 49, Vol. 2. NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1862. Price 6d. or 12 cts.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 10.

ESSAY ON BRITISH COLUMBIA, CONCLUDED.

BY JAMES KENNEDY.

BRITISH NORTH AMERICA—ITS DIVISIONS.

British Columbia is also an extensive country. By turning to the map of the world, it will be seen that British North America covers about one thirty-second part of the Globe, like a young giant. With one hand it grasps the shores of the Atlantic, and with the other the shores of the Pacific. It is bounded on the south by the U. States, and on the North by the Arctic Ocean. It is said to contain about 500,000 square miles fit for settlement; this is exclusive of the Islands both on the Atlantic and Pacific. It is by nature divided into three great divisions. The first, from the Atlantic westward as far as, and including Lake Superior, and contains the provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, New Foundland, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward's Island and New Brunswick, and all the territory lying to the northward. The second great division is between Lake Superior and the Rocky Mountains, and includes the Red River settlement, and the fertile valleys of the Saskatchewan. It is bounded on the West by the Rocky Mountains, as far North as about lat. 54°. Thence in a North-Easterly direction by the water-shed, that divides the valleys of the Saskatchewan and Athabasca rivers, as far as the Lake of the Hills, thence North &c. The natural centre of this region is Lake Winnipeg.

The third and last (but not least) great division of British North America is British Columbia, including in the North-East the valleys of the Athabasca and its tributaries, also that immense basin, of which Great Slave Lake is the centre, and stretching away up the valley of the McKenzie River, including also the copper region around Great Bear Lake, and bounded on the North by the Arctic Ocean. On the West side of the Rocky Mountains, it is bounded from the 49th parallel by the Gulf of Georgia, 300 miles; thence by the Pacific Ocean, 300 miles; thence by the Russian Possessions on the North West, 1200 miles. It has a frontier on all sides of not less than 4,400 miles, and has an area of about 1,200,000 square miles, 200,000 square miles of which is fit for settlement.

BRITISH COLUMBIA VIEWED IN CONNECTION WITH BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

This concludes a brief outline of the Geography of British Columbia, *and truly it is a noble heritage.* In describing the outlines of British Columbia, I have thought fit to do so in connection with the other divisions, as it is its relative position to the whole of British North America that enhances its value as a Colony for settlement.

NOTE.—I have given to British Columbia all the country lying to the North of the American line, West of the Rocky Mountains, and also on the North-East. That portion including the valleys of the Athabasca and McKenzie Rivers, as it must be evident by looking at the map, that this is the only natural line between British Columbia and the Red River Colony. From Great Slave Lake to the Pacific coast is only about 700 miles, whereas, from Great Slave to Red River is about 1200 miles.

Let us now see what are the resources of British Columbia.

I said that the resources were both extensive and diversified; but they are also suited to the wants of the present age.

MINERAL RESOURCES

Its mineral resources are gold, silver, copper, iron, plumbago, and coal in abundance.

GOLD.

Gold, being at present the most valuable, and requiring less capital to obtain it, is in the mean time the great object of attraction.

When gold was first discovered, in 1858, it was on the lower Fraser, in the vicinity of Hope and Yale. The fact that California's golden day had been for some time on the wane, and that Australia had ceased to attract as formerly, was the cause of (*what miners call*) a rush to the Fraser River

The great scarcity of provisions, their consequent dearth, and the unprepared state of the country for such a sudden and unexpected influx of population, (being up to that time sealed from all intercourse with the outer world, and totally unknown to any except the Hudson Bay Company's servants) was the cause of a regular stampede out of the country.

A few, however, of experienced miners remained, who very reasonably concluded that the fine gold that had found its way down towards the mouth of the Fraser, was a sure indication that there must be a source where gold would be found in abundance.

PROGRESSIVE SUCCESS OF THE MINES.

Since that time the miner has been cautiously and safely ascending the river, and has found the gold getting coarser and more plentiful as he advances.

The result of this last year's operations in the mines has established the fact, that British Columbia has the richest gold fields in the world.

LUCKY STRIKES.

Many a poor fellow went up to Cariboo this spring with the last shilling spent before he had seen the color, and in three or four months wash-

[*Continued on third page.*]

Victoria Advertisements.

STATIONERY

Counting House, Official, Printers,

AND FOR GENERAL USES,

Of every conceivable style and quality, STAPLE and FANCY.

Wrapping Papers,

Of various sizes, weights, textures, and colors;

Drawing, Lithographic, Cartridge, Blotting, Tissue, Copying, and Tracing Papers and Cloths;

Sheet and Manuscript

MUSIC,

Sacred, Sentimental and Comic, bound and unbound,

COAST CHARTS, CARIBOO MAPS,

Mathimatical Instruments, Gold Pens

—AND—

Pocket Cutlery.

BOOKS,

SCHOOL, STANDARD, MISCELLANEOUS, AND ORNAMENTAL.

New Publications

Received as issued by first conveyance.

HIBBEN & CARSWELL,
STATIONER'S HALL.

Furniture! Furniture!!

BY LATE ARRIVALS, the undersigned have received additions to their hitherto well-assorted stock of Furniture, and now offer

Painted Sets—10 pieces;
Extension Tables—8 and 10 feet long;
Centre Tables—serpentine, and round tops, assorted sizes;
Card Tables—harp and square pillars;
Common Tables—2½, 3 and 3½ long;
Bedsteads—Mahogany, French, Cottage, double and single;
Lounges—spring seats, in damask and leather covers;
Sofas—spring seats, hair cloth with round and pillow ends;
Desks—with full and door fronts;
Cheffoniers—walnut and mahogany, carved front, shelves, and fret work;
Bureaus—one-half marble top, scroll, and painted pine, four and six drawers;
What-nots—walnut and mahogany, 5 and 6 shelves;
Mirrors—in gilt and mahogany frames, assorted sizes, for parlors, chambers, and saloons;
Children's Cribs and Cradles—Also high and low chairs, assorted sizes;
Chairs—mahogany, haircloth, spring seats, cane and wood seat, office, oak, dining Grecian cane, heavy bar-room, and common wood seat;
Rockers—spring seats, mahogany and cane seats and backs, sewing and arm;
Sinks—washstands, chair cushions, coverlets, towel racks, willow cribs, &c.

—ALSO—

BEDDING.

Pulu, curled hair, moss, wool, and straw mattresses, best feather pillows, all sizes; in the manufacture of which we use only the best materials, and guarantee all our work. PIERCE & SEYMOUR.
Broad-street, between Yates and View streets.
no21-tc Victoria V. I.

W. CULVERWELL,

General Agency for the Collection of Rents and Debts,

INTELLIGENCE OFFICE,

Money Loaned on Good Security,

ADVANCES MADE ON LIVE STOCK,

Book-keeping, Documents Copied, &c.

In cases requiring a Power of Attorney, security will be furnished. Office—up stairs, corner Yates and Langley streets, Victoria. my24 3m

W. M. SEARBY,

IMPORTER OF

Drugs and Chemicals,

PATENT MEDICINES,
PAINTS AND OILS,
WINDOW GLASS, &c.,

GOVERNMENT STREET,

ap24 VICTORIA, V. I. 6m

SELIM FRANKLIN & CO.,

Auctioneers and Land Agents,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

Town Lots for Sale in New Westminster and Victoria. mar28

EDGAR MARVIN,

SUCCESSOR TO

James Bell,

Brick Store, Corner Fort and Langley Sts.,

VICTORIA, V. I.,

IMPORTER AND JOBBER OF

HARDWARE,

—AND—

MINING IMPLEMENTS.

ap30 6m

Victoria Advertisements.

THE

CHARTERED BANK.

—OF—

British Columbia and Vancouver Island.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

Capital - - - - - - - - - $1,250,000.

In 12,500 shares of $100 each, with power to increase.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

T. W. L. MACKEAN, Esq., (late of Turner & Co., China.) Chairman.
James Anderson, Esq., (Messrs. James Thompson & Co., London.)
James Bonar, Esq., (Messrs. Smith & Co., London.)
Eden Colville, Esq., Fenchurch Buildings, London.
Lewis Fraser, Esq., (of J. & L. Fraser & Co., London, and of Maclaine, Fraser & Co., Singapore.)
Robert Gillespie, Junior, Esq., (Messrs. Gillespie, Moffat & Co., London.)
Duncan James Kay, Esq., (Messrs. Kay, Finlay & Co., London.)
Alexander Mackenzie, Esq., (Director of the Oriental Bank, etc.)
Henry McChlery, Esq., (Messrs. Cavan, Lubbock & Co., London.
Martin Ridley Smith, Esq., 1 Lombard street, London.

(With power to add to their number.)

London Office, No. 80 Lombard street.

James Napier, Secretary and Manager.

Victoria Office.

James D. Walker, Manager.
George Cruickshank, Accountant.

The business of the Victoria branch of this Bank will commence as soon as suitable premises can be obtained.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may then be opened for any amount, and every facility will be granted to Traders and others for the transaction of business.

DISCOUNTS AND ADVANCES—Approved bills will be discounted, and advances made upon bills of lading (accompanied by Policies of Insurance) for goods shipped from Victoria to Great Britain to any part of the United Kingdom or the Colonies.

DRAFTS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT will be issued on Great Britain and the Colonies, also on New York and San Francisco, and bills on these places will be purchased or sent for collection.

GOVERNMENT OR OTHER SECURITIES received for safe custody, and the interest thereon collected for account of constituents.

JAMES D. WALKER, Manager.
New Westminster, August 11th, 1862. au13tc

THE

Chartered Bank.

—OF—

British Columbia and Vancouver Island.

A temporary Agency of this Bank will be opened in New Westminster as soon as practicable.

JAMES D. WALKER, Manager.
New Westminster, August 11th, 1862. au13tc

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1840.

CAPITAL, ... $5,000,000.

Victoria Branch.

SPECIAL DEPOSITS RECEIVED, at a charge for safe keeping of 25 cents per $100 per month, repayable on demand.

GOLD DUST RECEIVED for safe-keeping at the rate of 5 cents per oz. per month.

DRAFTS ISSUED ON LONDON at 60 days' sight, at the rate of $4 95 per £1 sterling.

Do. for small sums, payable 3 days after sight, at $5 10 per £1 sterling.

Drafts on demand issued on the Provincial Bank of Ireland and the National Bank of Scotland on all Towns where these Banks have Offices. Rate, $5 15 per £1 sterling.

Drafts on New York and the principal cities in the North American Provinces are issued at 3 days' sight, at the following rates:

New York .....3 per cent. prem.
Canada.....4 " "
New Brunswick.....4 " "
Nova Scotia.....2½ " "

Drafts issued on Messrs. B. Davidson & May, San Francisco.

On Bills lodged for collection, if payable in Victoria, a commission of ½ per cent.

Bills of Exchange purchased and ordinary Banking business transacted.

J. G. SHEPHERD,
Manager.
Victoria, 19th May, 1862. m28 3m

G. VIGNOLO & CO.,

No. 2, Reid's Block, Wharf Street,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

—ALSO—

Importers and Agents for the best brands of French Wines and Liquors, and receive direct shipments of Havana Cigars by every steamer. jy12

EX "N. S. PERKINS,"

COMPRESSED

Meats and Vegetables,

Packed in 10-lb. Tins of cases of 100 lbs. each,

Expressly for British Columbia Trade.

For sale in quantities to suit, by

EDGAR & AIME,
ap24 6m Wharf street, front of Yates.

Victoria Advertisements.

HENRY NATHAN

OFFERS FOR SALE THE UNDERMENTIONED Goods at

San Francisco Prices,

Being balance of the cargo of the "Onward."

—ooo—

GROCERIES.

Rice—No. 1 Batavia, equal to Carolina;
Coffee—Manilla and Java, best qualities;
Sugar—Mauritius Crystalized;
Tea—Breakfast Congou, small boxes;
Curry Powders—E. I.;
Soy—In 1 doz. cases;
French Plums—4 lb. bottles;
Olives—Spanish;
Raisins—Muscatel Layers;
Almonds—Soft Shell;
Candles—English Sperm;
Castor Oil—in 5 gal. tins, E. I. best quality;
Cinnamon, Cloves, Mustard, &c. &c.

—ooo—

LIQUORS.

Hennessey's Brandy—Pale, in 1 doz. cases;
Port Wine—Old, in 1 dozen cases;
Champagne—CLARET, &c. &c.;
Ale—Allsopp's Pale;
Muir's Scotch;
Marzetti's;
Porter—Chambers';
Marzetti's.

—ooo—

DRAPERY AND CLOTHING.

French Bonnets,	Felt Hats,
Ladies' Hats,	Turban Hats,
Children's Hats,	Crinoline Hats,
China Shawls,	Mohair Hats,
Cloth Shawls,	Alpacca Coats,
China Mantles,	Brown Holland Coats,
Printed Cashmere Shawls,	Corahs,
French Flowers,	Blk Silk Handkerchiefs,
Argentines,	Ladies' Silk "
Fine Shades,	Ribbons,

Fringes, Buttons, Muslins, Trimmings, &c., &c., &c.

HENRY NATHAN,
jy12 No. 2, Commercial Row.

KWONG LEE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Importers and Dealers in all kinds of

CHINESE GOODS,

Rice, Sugar, Tea, Provisions, etc., etc.,

CORMORANT STREET,

Between Government and Douglas streets,

ap30 VICTORIA, V. I, 6m

DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner of Wharf and Johnson streets,

VICTORIA, V. I.

H. N. DICKSON & Co., - - - London.
DICKSON, DEWOLF, & Co., - - San Francisco
m21-3m

LANGLEY BRO'S.,

Importing Druggists,

YATES STREET,

VICTORIA, V. I.,

are constantly receiving

Drugs and Chemicals,
Patent Medicines,
Surgical Instruments,
Paints and Oils,
Window Glass, &c., &c., &c.

—ALSO—

Just received a large assortment of reliable Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds, which they offer at moderate prices. mar1-tc

CHARLES F ROBBINS,

IMPORTER AND DEALER in Type, Presses, Printing Material. Inks, Card stock, &c., Nos. 111 and 113 Clay street, San Francisco. ap18 1y

Furniture! Furniture!!

—ooo—

J. SEHL,

Importer and Manufacturer

of all kinds of

FURNITURE,

BEDDINGS, &c.,

Has always on hand and is constantly receiving by every arrival, a large assortment of

GOODS

suitable for this market, which he offers for sale at the lowest market rate, for Cash.

SHOW-CASES always on hand, and made to order, at San Francisco prices. JACOB SEHL,
Corner of Government and Broughton streets, Victoria, V. I. ap30 6m

Victoria Advertisements.

BUY YOUR

WATCHES,

JEWELRY,

Spectacles, &c.,

—OF—

J. L. JUNGERMANN

Yates Street,

ap10 VICTORIA, V. I. 6m

WEBSTER & CO.,

YATES STREET,

VICTORIA,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

BOOTS AND SHOES, LEATHER,

And Findings of Every Description.

—ALSO—

Ladies' Shoes of all Kinds.

mh28

ROYAL MAIL

STEAM PACKET

COMPANY'S AGENCY,

For British Columbia and Vancouver Island.

OFFICE—MACDONALD & CO., BANKERS,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

THE ATTENTION OF SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS is particularly directed to the superior facilities the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's Line affords for the speedy conveyance of Treasure, Goods and Passengers to and from England to British Columbia and Vancouver Island, in connection with the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S VESSELS AND THE PANAMA RAILROAD.

The superiority of the accommodation and entertainment on board the Royal Mail Steamers, together with the time occupied on the passage between England and Aspinwall DIRECT being so much shorter than by any other route, and the moderate rate of passage money, render this Company's steamers the CHEAPEST AND MOST EXPEDITIOUS MEANS OF TRANSIT, for passengers or for the forwarding of Goods and Treasure from Aspinwall to Europe.

Under an arrangement with the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Specie and Bullion can be conveyed to London and Havre in France.

Further information on the subject of Freight, Passage Money, &c., will be furnished by the undersigned.

ALEX. D. MACDONALD,
jy12 Agent.

$1000 Reward.

THE ABOVE REWARD is offered to any person or persons who may arrest and lead to conviction the Murderer or Murderers of HERMAN LEWIN; and enable the Authorities to recover the Money taken from the person of the deceased.

ISADORE BRAVERMAN,
au13 tc HIEMAN LEWIN.

PHELAN & COLLENDER'S

MODEL BILLIARD TABLES!

AND

COMBINATION CUSHIONS.

GEO. E. PHELAN AND MATTHEW E. HUGHES having formed a copartnership for the sale of Phelan's Model Billiard Tables and Combination Cushions, would invite the public to visit their establishment and inspect their stock. A full supply of every article in the Billiard Trade constantly on hand.

G. E. PHELAN,
M. E. HUGHES,
724 and 726 Montgomery Street,
au9 Opposite the Metropolitan Theatre, San Francisco.

FOR SALE.

THE MANSION HOUSE, situated near Harris & Co.'s Wharf. The House is large and commodious, and capable of accommodating

One Hundred Boarders.

It is partly furnished, and with small expense would be ready for customers.

WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.
New Westminster, June 3, 1862. ju4 tf

A CARD.

WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK, wholesale dealer in Wines, Liquors, &c., Scott's Wharf, New Westminster.

☞ No drayage or wharfage on goods purchased for upriver trade fe13-tc

W. GRIEVE,

Tailor and Clothier,

In Smeaton's Building, Columbia Street.

ALL ORDERS entrusted to his care promptly attended to, and work finished in the latest style. je25

PAINTER & CO.,

Practical Printers, and Dealers in

Type, Presses, Printing Materials,

Ink, Paper, Cards, &c.,

510 Clay Street, above Sansome,

J. B. PAINTER
J. M. PAINTER
T. P. PAINTER } San Francisco.

☞ Offices fitted out with dispatch.

ap18 1y

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

This journal is published every Wednesday and Saturday, at the office, Lytton Square, New Westminster. Single copy, price 6d., or 12½ cents. Terms per quarter, 10s., or $2.50; half-yearly, 18s., or 4.50; and yearly £1 10s., or $7.50. Subscriptions must be paid in advance.

☞ Copies of this paper can be had at the Book Store of Mrs S. T. Tilley, Columbia-street.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Transient Advertisements, 2 inches and under, $2 first insertion, and one dollar each subsequent insertion. Over two inches, $1 per inch for first insertion, and half a dollar for each subsequent insertion. Special contracts with regular advertisers.

Advertisements in order to ensure insertion, should be sent in before noon of the day before publication.

All Advertisements for insertion in the BRITISH COLUMBIAN must be paid in advance. Those for longer periods than one month are required to be paid each month in advance.

All Advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and so charged.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 10.

ESSAY ON BRITISH COLUMBIA, CONCLUDED.

ed out from three to five, ten, and in many cases as high as twenty or thirty thousand dollars. Taking the number of miners engaged, there are more who have been successful than ever was known before, either in California or Australia; and what is still more encouraging, every man almost, (*except those who have made what they consider enough*) is going back in the spring, as it is the universal opinion that the golden day for British Columbia is only in its dawn.

ECONOMICAL GOVERNMENT.

The Government, considering the limited means at its disposal, is doing everything possible to further the interests of the miner, by opening roads for the conveyance of provisions and other necessaries to the mines, which is at the same time opening the way for those who wish to engage in the lucrative business of farming, an opportunity which some are already improving.

SILVER.

Two silver mines have been opened, one near Hope; the other on Harrison Lake: both promise to be remunerative, but until there be an emigration from the old countries, the scarcity of labor will preclude the possibility of much being done in any of those mines that require capital.

TIMBER.

Its forests, either for building or marine purposes, are unequalled—especially the red fir—for spars, which can be had of any dimensions, and for beauty and strength are most admirable.

The cedar, which is plentiful, is very unlike that which grows on the Atlantic side of the continent: instead of the stunted, knotty, and tapering tree, growing in the swamp, and which is generally hollow or rotten within, the British Columbia cedar grows on high land, like the fir it carries its thickness up without branches, and is generally sound from the root; it makes beautiful finishing lumber, and will be invaluable for inside work of dwelling houses on account of its obnoxious qualities to moth, and insects generally. For shingles it is unequalled. To look at one of these growing in the forest one is forcibly reminded of the cedars of Lebanon.

AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES.

The agricultural resources are also very great.

DISTRICT OF NEW WESTMINSTER.

Taking for instance the district of New Westminster, which includes from the boundary line up the coast as far as Burrard Inlet, a distance of perhaps 25 miles, and from the coast inland the same—say 25 miles square, of which area New Westminster is about the centre. This district, which has been well explored and opened by Government, with roads and trails, to enable the settler to penetrate and select his homestead, contains enough good land to settle 2,000 farmers; perhaps one-half of this is meadow of the best description, where the wild pea and clover, the red-top and blue-joint grasses form the principal ingredients; the other half is wood-land, capable of raising wheat, oats, barley, &c., and judging from the growth of young fruit trees that have been planted in various gardens, as well as from the climate, there is no doubt that it is well adapted for orchards.

AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION.

The late Agricultural Exhibition at New Westminster, notwithstanding the very short notice given for the collection of articles, was decisive proof of the capabilities of the soil, and the young cattle that were exhibited, belonging to Col. Moody, that had picked up their living in the woods adjoining his farm, up to the 15th of November, showed the mildness of the climate, as well as the nutritious herbage with which the woods abound. I have chosen this district as a specimen of the country between the coast and the Cascade Range.

COUNTRY BETWEEN CASCADES AND ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

Above the Cascades the country is somewhat different, and is more adapted for pastoral pursuits, as it is less wooded. The rich valleys and rolling prairies, covered with that nutritious food for cattle,—summer and winter—the bunch-grass, viewed in connection with the bountiful supply of never-failing streams of water, indicate that it is destined to be a great stock-raising country.

Wheat, oats, barley, peas, and all sorts of vegetables, have been raised in the Upper Country of the best quality; and it is worthy of notice, that while on the coast Indian corn and water-melons are scarcely matured, in the Upper Country both are raised to perfection.

INDIGENOUS PLANTS.

The natural wild fruits which the country supplys are also well worthy of a passing notice.

The cranberry, which is already an article of export, is to be found in great abundance. One house alone in New Westminster last season shipped to San Francisco upward of £500 worth. This will one day be a very considerable item on the credit side of the balance sheet of imports and exports. There are a great many species of berries which the season produces, which, for preserves or immediate table use, are nearly, if not altogether, equal to the cultivated sorts; and the fact that they are so abundant, and of such excellent quality, will preclude the necessity, for a long time to come, of cultivating the domestic kinds.

FISHERIES—WILD GAME.

The fisheries also will be a source of wealth Salmon, Cod, Herring, and many other sorts too numerous to mention, are very plentiful on the shores, bays and rivers of the Gulf, but the quantity of Salmon especially that enter the Fraser every season is wonderful.

Burrard Inlet, which is only a few miles to the North-West of New Westminster, is lined with Oyster beds, and in this connection I would not forget to mention the valuable game with which the woods are thronged, and which the sportsman would undoubtedly be interested to hear about. There are Elk, Deer, Bears, Mountain sheep, (seemingly a cross between a sheep and a goat) Cariboo, (seemingly a cross between a Cow and a Deer) Partridges, Ducks and Geese, and other sorts of bipeds and quadrupeds, which I need not enumerate.

I might go on enumerating the advantages that British Columbia possesses, and which makes it pre-eminently desirable as a Colony for settlement, but I have now gone to greater length than I anticipated. I feel after all that I have only slightly scanned the capabilities, resources and advantages which it possesses, but I think that those presented enough, of the prominent features, to warrant the intending emigrant in casting his lot in this new Colony.

NATURE—ART—RELIGION.

Nature has done for it everything that could be desired, it now remains for man, to whom this Earth is given to subdue, to make the crooked places straight and the rough places smooth, and under the blessing of Providence, to bring about that (*promised*) state of things in British Columbia: "Then the wilderness and solitary places shall be glad for them, and the desert shall rejoice and blossom as the Rose."

GEOGRAPHICAL POSITION.

But the crowning feature of British Columbia is its geographical position.

That British Columbia must necessarily become a great commercial country is evident by merely looking at the map of the world.

NAVAL STATION.

Situated as I have already shown, with a frontier on the Pacific of 600 miles, with innumerable bays, inlets, rivers, natural harbours, Burrard Inlet, which nature has formed for a naval station, penetrates from the Gulf into the heart of the mountains, and forms one of the safest harbors in the world. This and the Fraser River forms a peninsula, on which stands the City of New Westminster, the *Capital of British Columbia*. The selection of the site for the Capital, which is on the left bank of the river as you ascend, is, on military considerations, as well as for commercial purposes, the best that could possibly have been chosen. The great "natural break water which Vancouver Island forms" for this part of the coast, renders the navigation of it safe at all seasons, and under all circumstances.

RAIL WAY.

The Grand Trunk Railway, which has already been laid from the Atlantic westward, across the first or Eastern division of British North America, will, ere long, penetrate the vast and fertile valleys of the Red and Saskatchewan rivers, threading its way through the Rocky Mountains, and thence down through the golden valleys of the Fraser to New Westminster. The interests of Great Britain as well as of the Colonies demand it. This highway once opened through British territory, for the trade and rich commerce of India, China, Australia, and all the Islands of the Pacific, and England might dispense with her destructive and expensive wars, and all her nice calculations about the balance of power in Europe, all for the sake of a precarious right of way by the Mediterranean to Asia. She could then safely afford to allow the "potsherds to dash themselves into pieces," (which must ultimately be the case) and direct all her energies to the building up of her own vast empire, which would form a chain round the world that, with the favor of heaven, no power could break.

And *British Columbia* is evidently the last, and the *golden link* in that chain.

New Advertisements.

International Exhibition.

A GENERAL MEETING of the Committee will be held in the Court House on Friday, 12th September, at 3 P. M., for the purpose of transacting important business in connection with the Contributions sent to England from this Colony.

J. VERNON SEDDALL,
Honorary Secretary.

Arrival of the "Lockett."

HENDERSON & BURNABY

ARE NOW LANDING FROM ABOVE VESSEL,

DIRECT FROM LONDON,

WINES, SPIRITS AND BEER, favorite brands,
PROVISIONS AND OILMAN'S STORES,
HARDWARE, a large assortment,
CLOTHING AND HOSIERY, of every description,
FINE AND FANCY GOODS,
BLANKETS, 2¼ point White,
WAX MATCHES AND WOODEN CONGREVES,
BOILED AND RAW OIL, in barrels,
PORTLAND CEMENT, best quality,
CANDLES, Belmont, Sperm and Neva Stearine,
PLAYING CARDS and BAGATELLE BOARDS,
WINDOW-GLASS and TIN PLATES,
SADDLES, BRIDLES, &c., &c.

se6 1m Wharf-street, Victoria.

P. SMITH & CO., PACKERS,

—OVER THE—

Douglas and Lillooet Route,

Are still Packing and Forwarding Goods to

LILLOOET,

And are prepared to forward

250 TONS PER MONTH,

At Moderate Rates.

All Goods marked in our care will be received and forwarded without delay.

P. SMITH & CO.
au9 Packers, Douglas and Lillooet, B. C.

New Advertisements.

British Columbia STAGE COMPANY.

(LIMITED.)

THE COMPANY'S STAGES, carrying Passengers and Express Freight, run regularly between

Douglas and Lillooet,

Leaving each Town every morning.

FINE GOODS are conveyed, with dispatch, over the route in Light Four-Horse Waggons.

For further information, apply to

STEWART, MELDRUM & CO., Victoria,
HENRY HOLBROOK, New Westminster,

and at the Company's Offices in Douglas and Lillooet.
se6 1m

In the Supreme Court of Civil Justice of British Columbia.

General Order.

I. From and after the date hereof, the Rules and Practice of all proceedings in this Court shall, as nearly as may be, conform to the rules and practice of the Superior Courts of Common Law and Equity in England, and any General Order of this Court inconsistent therewith is hereby discharged.

II. From and after the date hereof the fees hitherto charged shall be discontinued, and shall henceforth be charged at the same rate as in the Superior Courts of Common Law and Equity in England, with the exception of office copies of any Documents or Records which shall be chargeable at the rate of one shilling per folio.

III. Every appeal from a Gold Commissioner, and the proceedings thereon, shall, as to the Court Fees chargeable in respect thereof, be treated as the delivery of the record at Nisi Prius, in any action at Law, and the proceedings subsequent thereto.

MATT. B. BEGBIE, J.
Quesnelle Mouth, 25th July, 1862. se6 1m

Fruit Trees and Seeds

—FROM THE—

BALMORAL NURSERY,

SALT SPRING ISLAND.

THIS WELL-KNOWN NURSERY, situated within the Colony, will have ready for the market this fall an excellent assortment of Grafted Apple, Pear, Plum and Cherry Trees. Also, Gobseberries, Currants, Strawberries, Grapes, Garden Seeds, &c., &c., which will be sold at reasonable prices for Cash. J. BEGG, from the Nursery, will be at New Westminster about the 1st of October next, with an assortment of Trees and Seeds, and orders left with Mr. W. J. Armstrong, New Westminster, will receive prompt attention. Send in orders early, so as to ensure a good variety.

August 18th, 1862. au26 3m

CITY BAKERY

—AND—

COFFEE SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed to his new and commodious establishment on the

Corner of Columbia and Hall Streets,

where he hopes to receive from a generous and discriminating public an extended patronage, commensurate with his increased facilities for accommodating them.

Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Pies and Cakes,

supplied at all hours, and at reduced rates.

☞ Orders for WEDDINGS and PARTIES promptly attended to.

JAMES ALLAN.
New Westminster, Aug. 18, 1862. au23

Government Bakery

—AND—

FAMILY GROCERY.

PHILIP HICK,

LYTTON SQUARE,

KEEPS constantly on hand, and is selling at very low prices,

Wholesale and Retail,

a choice assortment of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

BREAD, PIES, CAKES, BISCUIT, &c.

Parties proceeding to

CARIBOO

will find a complete supply of such articles as they require in this establishment. ju7 tf

THOMAS CUNNINGHAM. GEORGE R. ASHWELL.

NEW Furniture and Stove Emporium.

THE SUBSCRIBERS would announce to the inhabitants of New Westminster, and British Columbia generally, that they have removed their

Furniture and Stove Warehouse

to their New Building, Columbia Street, and having made arrangements for

DIRECT IMPORTATION

—FROM THE—

BEST MARKETS,

are prepared to sell all articles in their line at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Orders are respectfully invited from all parts of the Colony, and will receive prompt and careful attention.

CUNNINGHAM & ASHWELL.
New Westminster, July 29th, 1862. jy30

New Advertisements.

MACDONALD'S UNION HOTEL.

THE PROPRIETOR has just enlarged and finished in good style the above House, and hopes by strict attention to business, and the comfort of guests, to merit a share of the travelling community.

Private Rooms

fitted up with all the

LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.

Douglas, B. C., August 12th, 1862. tc

J. A. WEBSTER.

—ooo—

NEW DRY GOODS

JUST RECEIVED.

—ooo—

SILKS, Poplins, Cashmeres, Be Reges, Organdies, Princettas, Lawns, Brilliantes, Mohairs, Madonnas, D'Laines, Worsted and Dress Goods of every description. A very large selection of

HOYLE'S ENGLISH PRINTS,

Cashmere, Chenille, Woolen and Tweed Scarfs and Square Shawls, Cloth, Tweed, Black and Colored Mantles, fashionable styles, Black Silk and Lace Mantillas, Penelope, Victoria and Eugenie Collars, Laces, Embroideries and Rufflings, all widths. An assortment of

Ladies', Gents', Miss's, and Children's

HOSIERY,

Habits, Lisle Thread, Silk, Kid and Fawn Gloves and Gauntlets, Damasks, Linens, Hollands, Towelings, Sheetings, Ticks, Shirtings, Flannels, in great variety.

Curtains and Curtain Fixtures.

—oooo—

EX "SPEEDY," FROM LONDON.

English Clothing,

Embracing Tweed Suits, Tweed and Cassimere Sack and Frock Coats, Tweed and Cassimere Pants and Vests, Alpacca, Silk and Mohair Coats, Linen Coats and Pants,

A LARGE INVOICE OF

ENGLISH STRAW HATS,

Garibaldi, white and colored, and Albert Mourning Hats, Felt and Cassimere Hats, late styles.

—oooo—

BOOTS & SHOES.

English Balmoral and Watertight Boots,
" Blucher and Oxford Shoes,
" Nail Napoleon Mining Boots,
" Riding Boots,
" Calf, Carpet and Morocco Slippers,
Lad's, Miss's and Infant's Boots and Shoes, of every size and description,
Ladies' Elastic Boots, Side Lace and Balmoral,
French Dress Calf Sewed Boots,
" " Calf and Enamelled Gaiter Boots.

Balmoral Skirts, Hoop Skirts, at all prices.
Ladies' Velvet, Beatrice, Mushroom, Turban and Jocky Hats, in Felt, Straw and Neapolitan.
Children's Hats and Turbans, all sizes.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, 1, 1¼, 2, 2½ yards wide, Table Oil Cloths.

WALL-PAPER, &c., and a host of Goods too numerous to mention, which are opened and ready for inspection, at

J. A. WEBSTER'S,
je14 Columbia-street.

—oooo—

Mosquitoes! Mosquitoes!

A lot of Mosquitoe Netting, all colors.

Rubber Blankets, Rubber Boots, White, Green, Blue and Red Blankets, Overshirts, Pants, and Miners' Outfits, at

J. A. WEBSTER'S,
je14 Columbia street, New Westminster.

BRITISH COLUMBIA AND VICTORIA EXPRESS COMPANY.

Victoria to Cariboo,

CARRYING

Her Majesty's Mails.

THIS COMPANY will make regular trips, Summer and Winter, between Antler City and Victoria, dispatching Messengers to all the Mining Camps in

CARIBOO,

Carrying Treasure, Letters, Papers and Valuables, Purchasing Drafts on San Francisco, New York, Canada and London, executing Commissions, making Collections, passing Goods through the Customs, Forwarding, and transacting the business of Expressmen generally; calling at all Cities, Towns, and Wayside Houses on

BOTH THE

Douglas-Lillooet & Yale-Lytton Routes.

Traders ordering Goods may avail themselves of the services of this Company to advantage. Orders handed to any of the Messengers will be executed by Mr. Barnard personally, who has had considerable experience in the Victoria Market, and will make every effort to purchase on the most favorable terms.

July 18th, 1862. jy30

MILK.

THE SUBSCRIBER would inform his customers, and the public, that he will continue regularly to supply the city during the summer season with new milk of the best quality.

S. W. HERRING.
Herring's Ranche, 2nd July, 1862. jy5 tf

LUMBER.

CONSTANTLY on hand in the New Westminster Lumber Yard a large assortment of

Rough and Dressed Lumber,

—ALSO—

DOORS AND WINDOWS OF ALL SIZES.

Bills of Lumber cut on the shortest notice, and orders from the interior promptly attended to.

J. A. R. HOMER.
New Westminster, Feb. 12th 1861

New Advertisements.

BALLOU'S

EXPRESS,

ESTABLISHED JUNE, 1858,

CONNECTING WITH

Wells, Fargo & Co.,

AT VICTORIA,

FOR ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD,

AHEAD OF THE MAILS,

Conveying Goods, Wares, Merchandise of every description. Treasure, LETTERS, Parcels, Packages, &c., with unequalled dispatch, in charge of

Confidential & Experienced Messengers,

TO ALL PARTS OF

CARIBOO,

QUESNELLE, THOMPSON, AND FRASER RIVER MINES.

—oooo—

Having no Mails to delay us, we go to every Camp,

And Sell Papers, Deliver Letters, &c.

—oooo—

We buy Goods on Commission,
" Pay Duties and Advance Money,
" Do Custom House Brokerage,
" Receive and Tranship all kinds of Goods,
" Collect Money and Rents,
" Purchase Checks from Wells, Fargo & Co., and other Banking Houses,
" Do all required of General Agents and Common Carriers.

—ooo—

Owing to the enormous advance on Government Postage, we only add the same to our charges on Letters and Newspapers, less 10 per cent. to all points above New Westminster.

—oooo—

OFFICES.

WELLS, FARGO & CO., Victoria,
LIVERPOOL STREET, New Westminster,
B. C. STAGE CO'S. OFFICE, Douglas,
W. H. SUTTON, Hope,
H. NELSON, Yale,
W. H. WOODCOCK, Lillooet.

BALLOU & CO.
July 21st, 1862. jy23

COLONIAL HOTEL,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

—oooo—

Messrs. Grelley Brothers

Have added to their comfortable

Hotel and Restaurant,

A SPLENDID

Billiard Saloon,

In which will always be found the best

DRINKS AND CIGARS.

—ooo—

In connection with the above they have opened a Store, stocked with the choicest Brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,
ALES, PORTER,
BRANDIES, RUM,
CIDER, SYRUPS,
CORDIALS, BITTERS, &c.,

which they will sell by the bottle, gallon, or in case.

—ALSO—

THE BEST BRANDS OF

CIGARS,

Havanna, Manilla and Cheroots.

New Westminster, July 18, 1862. jy19

W. J. ARMSTRONG,

OPPOSITE LIVERPOOL WHARF,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALER IN

Groceries, Provisions, Hardware,

Paints, Oils, Crockery and Glassware.

—oooo—

JUST RECEIVED a new stock, the best assortment in British Columbia, which will be sold CHEAP FOR CASH, and Cash only, except to Families having a permanent residence in the city, with whom monthly accounts will be opened.

N. B.—Fresh Butter from Mr. McRoberts', Pitt River, and Langley Ranches, constantly on hand.

jy16 tf

New Boot and Shoe Shop

MARY-STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY,

☞ Boots and Shoes made and repaired.

W. WOODMAN.
New Westminster Feb. 1861. fy 12-1m.

TO LEASE—Lots suitable for business purposes.

J. A. R. HOMER.

LA HAUTIER & CO.'S

HOTEL

—AND—

BILLIARD SALOON,

Lytton City, B. C.

THIS House is furnished in the best style, and a stock of excellent LIQUORS and CIGARS kept constantly on hand. The Billiard Tables are unsurpassed in the colony. The charges are moderate.

☞ Good Stabling, and Horses constantly on sale at low prices.

Lytton City, June 25, 1861. je27

The British Columbian.

NEW WETMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 10.

THE LORD MAYOR'S DINNER.

If we have not a big city, we have all the feelings and aspirations of one. And if the dinner given on Saturday by our Mayor, was on a somewhat small scale in point of numbers, it would in every other respect compare favorably with kindred banquets in cities much larger than our own. As to the dinner,(*material*) we must confess that, altho' conscious of the rare ability of the Messrs. Grelly in that line, we were not quite prepared for such a sumptuous banquet in so new a country. The viands were superb and the wines exquisite. At half-past six the following gentlemen took their seats:

H. Holbrook, Esq., occupying the chair, Hon. M. Cameron, Colonel Moody, R. E., C. C. L. W., Dr. Seddall, R. E., A. T. Bushby, Esq., Registrar General, H. P. P. Crease, Attorney General, W. Hamley, Esq., Collector of Customs, Capt. W. R. Spalding, Postmaster General, The Rev. Archdeacon Wright, Rev. E. White, Mr. Robson, Editor "*British Columbian*," W. F. Cormack, Esq., Vice Chairman, Messrs. Homer, Clarkson, Dickinson, Ramage, Armstrong, Hick, Picht, Ross, Peacock, Richards, Johnston, Hall and Hocking.

The cloth being removed, the following toasts were proposed:

"HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN." Song—*The National Anthem.*

"ALBERT, PRINCE OF WALES, AND THE REST OF THE ROYAL FAMILY." Song—*Rule Britannia.*

"THE GOVERNOR OF BRITISH COLUMBIA." Song—*Mary of Argyle.*

"THE DUKE OF NEWCASTLE, AND HER MAJESTY'S MINISTERS." Song—*Cottage surrounded with Ivy.*

"THE ARMY AND NAVY," Song—*Red, White, and Blue.* Responded to by Colonel Moody in a speech giving interesting bits of information upon the circumstances which led to the Royal Engineers being selected for military duty in this Colony, and showing how much reliance for the maintenance of order, and support of the Government, was placed, at home, on the intelligence and self-reliance of the enterprising pioneers, and how that, should insult come from without, the Colonists would rally round the Royal Engineers, and do their duty with gallantry, discipline, and unmistakable loyalty, alluding to the bravery of Provincials under the famous Wolfe, declaring his unwavering conviction that British Columbians would, should a fitting opportunity offer, prove themselves worthy such an ancestry.

"THE HON. M. CAMERON," in proposing which the Chairman made the following remarks:

I beg now to introduce the next toast, which is the health of the Hon. M. Cameron. We are much honored in having him as one of the guests this evening, and we hope before he returns that he will be enabled to judge of the prospects of our Colony, and able to report in Canada and elsewhere of the certain fortune before all settlers. It is supposed we have little land fit for cultivation, but this is a mistake; we have plenty of open land in the upper country, and I may mention that if any party had cultivated 100 acres of barley and oats during the past year anywhere near Cariboo, that it would have left him $50,000 or even more. It is complained that the land in the lower Fraser costs much to clear; I maintain this is a source of wealth, and that if any party will come amongst us with capital, return cargoes can be provided for any number of ships that may come here. Samples of the timber are now on view at the Exhibition in London, and a large fortune is before any firm who have the means to embark in this trade. We have coal of much finer quality than Vancouver Island cropping out on the surface, and the mines can be had for taking up. Our seas are full of fish, capable of yielding oil, and we have costly ores, mines of gold, silver, copper, lead and iron. In order to make these available we want roads. During the Excursion trip the other day it was remarked that the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada had been a losing concern. This several of my friends on the Liverpool Exchange know to their cost. I believe that that Railway would pay well if it had connection with the Pacific, either by a continuation of their line or a wagon road across the Rocky Mountains, which can be crossed at an elevation of about 4000 feet. We will give every support to any company that may be formed on this side, if the British people and Government do not assist a large and fertile country, capable of yielding any amount of grain, will pass into the hands of the neigboring republic, and settlement and occupation, and the Anglo-Saxon race will not allow land so valuable and so much wanted for the benefit of the human race to be idle. If a road was formed to connect with the Grand Trunk, all the produce raised in this land could find its way to the seaboard by that route instead of being forced through the American railways, and it would be settled by a British instead of American population. By the Saskatchewan steamers will convey passengers to the foot of the Rocky Mountains, where gold is found on both sides, and a wagon road with the terminus at New Westminster, will bring passengers to the Pacific, and they can be shipped as soon as our lines of conveyence are complete, to any part of the world, and when sufficient capital can be obtained to build a railway, which, according to calculations lately made here, and at half the rates now paid for carriage of food to Cariboo, would from New Westminster to the mines, leave a profit of 50 per cent per annum on the capital employed. If I was in Liverpool, I think I could show such advantages that no difficulty would occur on raising in the Exchange any money that might be wanted. As before said British Columbians will **give** every assistance that is in their power to carry forward this undertaking. Much distress has been caused at the mines by the high price of provisions, and people have been driven away when their means were exhausted. This is all owing to the want of roads, and settlers to cultivate our land. No doubt the latter the first year will have to undergo the same hardships that we have undergone here, but it has not killed any of us. People who come to settle a new country cannot expect to find luxuries until they create them. We want the Hon. M. Cameron to see and judge for himself; he is a practical man, who has raised himself by the great intellect he possesses to his present high position, and has during that rise been one of the means of advancing the interests and assisting in making the Canadian Colonies as prosperous as they now are. I have therefore great pleasure in proposing his health in bumpers.

Song—*Annie Laurie.* Responded to by Mr. Cameron, as follows:

MR. PRESIDENT,—My career in British Columbia has been short, but my experience great—one continued scene of hospitalities and entertainments—so my speech is exhausted. What shall I say? We have run over the road from British Columbia to Canada several times. I have confessed my unauthorized position, my incapacity to accomplish much, but I will yield to no man in my sense of gratitude and my readiness to acknowledge kindness; and this additional honor to receive an invitation to the first "Lord Mayor's Dinner" in New Westminster, I consider a something to be remembered in after days. If we look back at the city which you are proud to boast of as your former residence, we find it was once a swamp, a mere pool, where the "Liver," and other aquatics, were found, and hence the name, "Liverpool." In Ireland, MR. Armstrong will recollect, a gentleman who was travelling had a mare called "Bell," and going over an horrid bog, in an out-of-the-way corner of Ireland, she got mired; and he exclaimed "Bell's fast," and hence the name of "Belfast." In Scotland a smithy by the wayside induced a "Yill shop"—and that a grocery—and a meeting was held to give it a name, but the parties not agreeing one rose and said, "Lord I'll awa," and hence the name "Alloa," and from which the title of "Lord Alloa!" arose. I could go on and show that the greatest cities of the old world had none of them such a beginning as this. And what may you not become? I fear I have in my former addresses said unpalatable things. I hear so. I said you were few and short of cash, and that the Island was a good place, and hoped you might grow together. Now, gentlemen, you must remember I know nothing of your local difficulties or grievances. I judge only by what I see—for, desiring information that might be useful to my countrymen, I determined to take nothing for granted—to get rid of former prejudices, and learn by actual observation what you and your country really were, and now forgive me if I say I cannot see what great hardship you have had, or can have, in settling here, on an elevated and beautiful spot, on a noble river navigable for vessels of 2000 tons, within four days' sail of a city of 100,000 inhabitants, within 40 days of China, and a little more of Australia, you know nothing of the real trials of interior settlement in Canada. My father and Mr. Robson's went 40 miles from a navigable river, through cedar and black ash swamps, where were mud-holes deeper than you could dig into your soil, and of which you can never have any idea. They had to carry flour and potatoes on their backs, and hoe in wheat with the small hoe. And let me tell you that the Counties of Dalhousie, Lanark and Renfrew, and others on the Ottawa, furnish as fair a proportion of revenue on goods, and a larger proportion of timber to load the 1400 ships from Canada to Europe, and yet up to the present, 46 years after settlement, they have not received as much public aid for roads as your river has done. Go on improving your roads—cheerfully pay duties—give away your lands as the Americans do—and your numbers and wealth will soon increase, and a way be opened up to the Red River country. Canada did last session grant a charter to people who will make a road to her western boundary, and England, I am sure, will act for the unrepresented territory; for it is a fact that unless it is opened up, and a way made from here to Canada, she will open her arms to the neighboring republic, by whose energy she has now an outlet by boats and stages to St. Paul's, Minnesota. This should stimulate us all to save this territory to the Crown, and prevent a wedge being put in there that might shake the influence of Britain and prevent the formation of one grand British Confederacy, that would ultimately be the greatest power west of the Atlantic. The only fault I could possibly find with the speech of Mr. President, is the use he made of the word "stranger." This I disclaim. I am no stranger. A stranger, where "God Save the Queen," "Rule Britannia," and "Annie Laurie," are sung every night! Ah! no; like the soldiers in the Crimea, while each sings "Annie Laurie," his Mary, Norah, or Maggie is in his heart, and his "*tumtum*" tells him, as it beats more quickly, that we are all brothers in blood and sentiment. But to-morrow, as on last Sabbath, I shall again feel I am no stranger. The Church, a truly beautiful one, in Pugue's best style, in which, according to the ritual and service of England, the Episcopalian worships; the simple worship of the Presbyterian, in the Firemen's Hall, where the lays of the Covenanters are chaunted from lovely, musical lips; and the little building, where a noble bell on a more noble and magnificent stump, some 36 feet in circumference, calls together the followers of one of England's most glorious lights; will make me feel that I am no stranger, nor in any strange land, but among those whose differences are immaterial forms. Mix together the vigor of manly intellect, in the tenderness and charity of the gospel of Christ, and dwell together in unity. Go on upon this broad foundation, and no christian will ever feel himself a stranger in New Westminster. And before I close let me say this much more for Canada: Your municipal system is in its infancy—this your first corporation. We have attained to almost perfection, and number more than 400 municipalities. When first introduced by Lord Sydenham, a statesman and a merchant, our Conservatives were afraid of them—they were to be hot-beds of treason and rebellion, and would lead us to republicanism—the Crown must control, and appoint the Warden, Clerk, etc. But within three years after the whole system was made elective, and the intelligence, improvement, peace, yes, and loyalty of Canada, dates from that period; and mixed with our municipal institutions, and based upon them, is our school system, of which every Canadian is justly proud. A Canadian, a son of a pioneer, brought up in Canada when we had no schools, and whose only training was a few months tuition in the winter season and what his father could do for him, educated himself, became a Methodist preacher, studied the systems of Europe and America, was made Chief Superintendent of Education, and inaugurated a system which has been admitted by the Savans of Europe, by Horace Mann and other Americans, as an improvement upon all and the most complete in the world. By this system every Township can, by its Council, be divided into as many school districts as the people choose—build schoolhouses, and tax the land to educate the youth, so that every child in Canada can get a first-rate education, free of all cost. This we consider the crowning glory of our Colony, and one of which any people ought to be proud. May your municipal system spread till every settlement has the management of its own affairs, and soon may the city of New Westminster be in the County of Middlesex, and our worthy host, the Mayor, be the member for Middlesex—modelling the institutions of British Columbia on the stable principles of the British Constitution, and improving on the modern improvements of Canadian legislation.

"THE CLERGY." Responded to by the Revs. Archdeacon Wright, and E. White.

"THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL OF NEW WESTMINSTER." Proposed by Colonel Moody, accompanied with appropriate and highly complimentary remarks, admitting the great amount of good accruing to the city from the labors of that Institution. He recognized the principle that when the town was sold it became the progerty of those who bought it. And he assured them this principle was also recognized by the Governor, who, he believed, was quite prepared to extend Municipal institutions to other towns at the proper time. He would remind them that His Excellency was eminently a cautious and prudent man, looking well to his steps; but that he was quite alive to the principle he entirely recognized, of the towns managing their own local affairs themselves.

"RESIDENT GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS." Song—*There's nae luck &c.* Replied to by Mr. Hamly and Mr. Crease.

"COLONEL MOODY AND THE ROYAL ENGINEERS." Song—*Englishman.* Responded to by the Colonel as follows: In returning thanks for himself and the Royal Engineers he wished to acknowledge the uniform kindness and high appreciation so warmly expressed for such services as they (the Royal Engineers) had had the opportunity of performing in this Colony. It has been matter of sincere regret that circumstances had hitherto prevented their manifesting all they were capable of performing, and what it was expected they would be called upon to perform for the Colony. He stated that amongst them are dormant the means (amongst other valuable qualifications) of laying out and superintending, and constructing if needed, a railway to Canada; of laying and *working* a telegraph line. He referred to the entire practibility of such a railway as the Hon. M. Cameron was amongst us to promote.

"THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL OF VICTORIA, V. I."

"THE MINING, AGRICULTURAL, AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA." Responded to by Mr. Armstrong.

"THE PRESS." Responded to by Mr. Robson.

"THE LADIES." Responded to by Mr. Ramage.

By the time the last toast was disposed of the happy party were warned of the near approach of Sabbath morn, and took a hearty leave, all highly pleased with the occasion, and doubtless cherishing a hope that our Mayor may be spared to give many a banquet.

MINING NEWS.

We are in receipt of advices from Cariboo up to the 26th ult. Perhaps the most gratifying feature is the decline in the price of provisions to 50 c. for flour on Vanwinkle, 70 c. on Williams, and other things in proportion. A still further decline was anticipated, as the market is completely glutted. Major Thorp, having exhausted jaw-bone (credit,) had taken his departure, a circumstance much felt, as there was no more credit either for fresh meat or anything else. Much difficulty was experienced for lack of water, as it had not rained for some time. Four new "strikes" were made on Williams on ths 23d and 24th ult., one on the claim adjoining Major Downie's, resulting in $22 75 to the pan. Dr. Evans is well received amongst the miners. He preached to a large congregation on Williams on the 24th. Jeffreys was stopped on the road between Alexandria and Mud Lake by three highwaymen, and relieved of about $100. A new creek was reported discovered 50 miles north of Williams, giving good prospects. Mr. J. T. Scott's claim is paying 75 oz. a day, and Mr. J. R. Adams' 200 oz. a day! Smith's wound, inflicted by Bill Hill, was trifling, and he was able to go to work next day. A man bought a one-sixteenth interest in Cunningham's claim for $10,000. The Canadian Company on Williams had struck it rich. Owens, the runaway Victoria Police Clerk, was prospecting on Lightning Creek. He had sold his horse to Commissioner Elwyn. We were shown a quartz nugget taken from Major Downie's claim, worth $104. Jack Emory died on the 19th on Williams Creek. Alexander Kent also died on Stephens Creek. They were both Nova Scotians. The death of the latter was caused by the earth caving in upon him.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.—The Hon. M. Cameron addressed a very large and deeply interested audience in the Hyack Hall on Monday evening, upon the subject of Temperance. At the close a Society was organized, and 25 names attached to the pledge.

HIS EXCELLENCY GONERNOR DOUGLAS came up by the Enterprise yesterday. We understand it is his intention to proceed up to inspect the new roads above.

MR. EDWIN RUSSELL arrived by the Enterprise yesterday, to take charge of the Branch of the Bank of B. C., & V. I., in this City.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.—By the last English mail the Hon. Secretary of the Central Committee, Dr. Seddall, received a communication from Capt. Mayne, R. N., enclosing a circular from the Duke of Newcastle, expressive of the deep interest His Grace takes in these Colonies, and a circular from F. R. Sandford, Esq., touching the same. Capt. Mayne acknowledges the receipt of the various articles, the gold, and sections of Douglas Fir, but expresses regret that the latter did not arrive until after the Jurors had made their award, and adds: "It is, however, satisfactory to state that three medals have been assigned to the Executive Committee of the Colony for articles exhibited." He also informs the Committee for this Colony, that: "In the absence in the first place of all exhibitions from the Colony, we have been much assisted by the temporary contribution of the Hudson Bay Company for which we feel greatly indebted. In their absence the British Columbian Court would have been empty." The Hudson Bay Company merit the thanks of every British Columbian for their handsome conduct in this matter. By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that a meeting of the Central Committee is called for Friday next, when it is desirable there should be a full attendance.

R. E. METEOROLOGICAL OSBERVATORY:

REPORT FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST, 1862.

New Westminster, B. C.

	Inches.	
The highest reading of the Barometer corrected for temperature was	30.096	on the 16th.
The lowest	29.712	" 28th.
Mean height	29.951.	

The cistern of the Barometer is about 54 feet above the level of the sea.

Maximum Temperature in the sun, 104° 0′ on the 29th.
Minimum Temperature on the grass....43° 0′ on the 18th.
Maximum Temp. of air in shade 88° 5′ on the 29th.
Minimum Temp. of air in shade 46° 0′ on the 16th.
Mean Temperature of air in shade.....62° 3′

There were 8 days on which rain fell. The total amount measured 2.930 inches. It fell on 2 days when the wind was S.E., 3 when E., 1 when N. E., and 2 when calm.

The wind blew from the S. 12 days; S.W. 4; N.E. 2; E. 4; S. E. 5.; W. 1. The remainder of the month was calm.

The quantity of Ozone varied from 0 to 5.

Observations made by Corporal Leach, R. E. } H. R. L.

DEATH.

Matthew Nicholas, a lunatic, died in Jail on Sabbath evening, the 7th inst. He was a native of France, and was committed to Jail for lunacy early in June last.

New Advertisements.

S. T. TILLEY,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER,

IS IMPORTING by nearly every steamer from San Francisco and Victoria, an assortment of

English and American Novels,

Bound Books, comprising all the Standard Works,

POETRY AND FICTION,

a fine assortment of

Family and Small Pocket Bibles,

Wesleyan Hymn and Presbyterian Psalm Books,

Catholic and Church of England Prayer and Hymn Books.

STATIONERY.

Blank Cards of every description and color Foolscap, Folio Post, Letter and Note Paper of every size and quality, all sizes and colors of Envelopes to suit the various descriptions of paper.

Memorandum and Blank Books,

Consisting of Metallic Note-Books, Pass and Cargo Books, Tune Books, Tuck Memorandums, of all kinds and sizes, Ledgers, Journals, Cash and Day Books, full and half bound, Red, Blue, Black, and Indelible Inks, in bottles of all sizes, Steel and Quill Pens, Sealingwax, of all colors, Seals, Red Tapes, and

Every other Article in the Stationery Line.

Musical Instruments,

(DIRECT FROM SAN FRANCISCO)

Guitars, Banjos, Violins, Accordeons, Flutinas, Clarionets, Flutes, etc., etc.

Newspapers and Periodicals.

The latest Newspapers of the day received from all parts of the world, if required. All British and American Reviews, Magazines, Periodicals, and New Novels, by the best Authors, received by every steamer.

Maps, Plans, &c.

Plans of all the Cities and Towns on the Fraser River, Maps of Cariboo and the whole country West of the Rocky Mountains.

All of the above will be sold at Victoria prices, with the duties added.

Orders from the Upper Country punctually attended to.

Orders for articles not in Stock, can be obtained with the utmost dispatch.

S. T. TILLEY,
Colonial Book Store.

New Westminster, July 8th, 1862. jy9

BOSTON BAR

HOTEL,

BAKERY AND PROVISION STORE.

THE Subscribers flatter themselves that they will give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage. A stock of the choicest

Liquors and Cigars

constantly on hand. Also, Bread, Biscuit, Cakes, Pies, etc. Prices very low.

JOLIŒUR & CO.

Boston Bar, B. C., June 25, 1861. je27

New Advertisements.

Food for the Million!

FAMILY

Grocery and Provision Store.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform the public that having purchased the business hitherto carried on by MOODY & CO., he has removed to Cunningham & Ashwell's New Building, where, in addition to the original stock, he has just opened out a new and

CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

Fresh Groceries, Provisions,

—AND—

GENERAL OILMAN'S STORES,

which he is prepared to sell at the LOWEST REMUNERATIVE PRICES.

Business connections have been formed with Houses in Oregon, by which he will receive by every steamer, and keep constantly on hand,

Fresh Butter and Eggs,

—AND—

FRUITS IN SEASON.

A. McALISTER.

New Westminster, Aug. 22, 1862. au23

THOMSON & TOWERS,

PACKERS,

WISH TO NOTIFY THE PUBLIC that they are prepared to forward all

GOODS

CONSIGNED TO THEIR CARE FROM

LILLOOET

to any point in the

CARIBOO

COUNTRY,

at moderate rates. DISPATCH will be their motto, and every effort made to give satisfaction to those who may favor them with their patronage.

Lillooet, June 20th, 1862. je28

☞ *Press* please copy.

FOR SALE!

HOMESTEADS AND VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

Building Lots from $10 to $200 Each!

Also, 50 Vara Lots and Entire Blocks of Beautiful Garden Land!

IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, on the line of the San Jose Railroad at the WEST-END DEPOT. The title is absolutely PERFECT, being a Spanish Grant, finally confirmed and patented by the United States.

The Shafter Bill respects this Title,
The City Authorities respect it,
The District Courts and Supreme Court of the United States respect it.

Besides the

Title has been forever quieted by a Final Decree and Judgment against the City!

So that there is not even a cloud or shadow upon it, Whoever purchases one of these lots will buy a lot and not a law suit.

Office, No. 19 Naglee's Building, corner of Montgomery and Merchant streets, San Francisco.

jy30 HARVEY S. BROWN.

GLOBE SALOON,

HARRIS'S WHARF.

THE PROPRIETOR begs to inform the public generally, that he has opened the above Saloon, and trusts to merit a share of their patronage and support. Liquors and Cigars of first rate quality always on hand.

In the Saloon will be found one of Phelan's first class Billiard tables, with marble bed, and patent combination cushions.

J. R. UNIACKE.
Proprietor.

New Westminster, June 24, 1862. je24.

BONDED WAREHOUSE.

500 Tons Storage.

THE NEW FIRE-PROOF BRICK WAREHOUSE, in Lytton Square, New Westminster, has been declared by the Government to be a Bonded Warehouse on and after this date.

Merchants and Shippers to British Columbia, who wish to store merchandise in bond or duty free, are notified that 500 tons can be stored in the New Brick Warehouse.

HARRIS & CO.

New Westminster, October 28, 1861. n7 6m

M. J. BLACKMAN,

MANUFACTURER OF

Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron,

AND DEALER IN

Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Crockery, and Glassware.

JOBBING done in a neat manner, and with dispatch.

LEADERS and GUTTERS made on short notice, and at reasonable prices.

New Westminster, April 28, 1862. ap30 tf

EDWARD DINSLEY. J. S. FORREST.

DINSLEY & FORREST

RESPECTFULLY announce to the Inhabitants of New Westminster, and the travelling public generally, that having leased the premises known as Hardie's Hotel, on Lytton Square, and having thoroughly renovated the establishment, they are now prepared to accommodate a large number of Boarders and Lodgers.

Having secured the services of a first-class French Cook, they flatter themselves that the Restaurant will compare favorably with any on the Pacific Coast.

In the Saloon will at all times be found a complete stock of Liquors and Cigars, of the choicest brands.

Obliging waiters in attendance, and no pains spared in order to make guests feel comfortable and at home.

DINSLEY & FORREST,
Proprietors.

New Westminster, June 10th, 1862. je11

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

V. R.

British Columbia.

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
26th July, 1862.

WHEREAS in the absence of a Government Gazette as a distinct and separate publication, Official Notices and Advertisements have heretofore appeared in the "BRITISH COLUMBIAN" Newspaper, published at New Westminster: Now, this is to give Notice that all Official Notices and Advertisements heretofore so published in the said "BRITISH COLUMBIAN" Newspaper, shall be taken and deemed in all respects to have been published in the Government Gazette; and all Official Notices and Advertisements hereafter to be issued, which should of custom or necessity appear in the Government Gazette, shall until further notice, when published in the columns of the aforesaid Newspaper, be likewise taken and deemed in all cases, and for all purposes whatsoever, to have been duly published in the Government Gazette.

By order of the Governor,

jy30 WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.

British Columbia.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 5, A. D. 1862.

By His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, Companion of the most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British Columbia and its Dependencies, Vice-Admiral of the same, &c. &c.

Preamble.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the session of Parliament held in the 21st and 22nd years of the Reign of her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled an Act to provide for the "Government of British Columbia," and by a Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, I, JAMES DOUGLAS, have been appointed Governor of the said Colony, and have been authorized by Proclamation under the Public Seal of the said Colony, to make laws, institutions, and ordinances, for the peace, order and good government of the same.

And whereas it is expedient to raise by loan, secured on the General Revenue of the said Colony, funds for the construction and maintenance of Roads and other means of communication within the said Colony, and to make provision for the redemption of such loan. And whereas to effect this it is expedient to repeal the "British Columbia Roads Loan Act, 1861," and the "British Columbia Roads Loan Act, 1862," and the "Temporary Loan Act, 1862,"

Now therefore, I do hereby declare, proclaim, and enact as follows.

Repeals former Loan Acts.

I. "The British Columbia Roads Loan Act, 1861," and the "British Columbia Roads Loan Act, 1862," and the "Temporary Loan Act, 1862," are hereby repealed.

Power to Governor to borrow £50,000 on Debentures.

II. It shall be lawful for the Governor for the time being of the said Colony from time to time, or at any time hereafter, to cause to be made out and issued Debentures secured upon the General Revenue of the said Colony, for such sum or sums of money, not exceeding fifty thousand pounds sterling in the whole, as may be required for the purpose of constructing and maintaining roads and other works of communication within the said Colony.

Rate of Interest Six per cent. per annum.

III. All Debentures made out and issued under this Act shall bear interest at the rate of Six pounds sterling per centum per annum, payable half yearly, and shall be redeemable at the expiration of Ten years from the first day of January, 1863.

Debentures for £100 and upwards.

IV. Every Debenture shall be for any sum or sums not less than One Hundred pounds sterling, which the said Governor shall determine, and which, together with the interest thereon, shall be payable in London, at the Offices of Her Majesty's Agents General for the time being for Crown Colonies, or at the Treasury of the said Colony.

Debenture holder can very place of payment.

V. And the holder or bearer of any of the said Debentures may alter the place of payment of the principal and interest to either the Treasury at New Westminster, or the Offices in London of the said Agents General, by giving six months previous notice in writing, terminating on the 1st day of January, or the 1st day of July at the previous place of payment, [the Treasury in New Westminster, or Offices in London of the Agents General aforesaid, as the case may be,] of his wish to make such alteration, and causing the Officer in New Westminster acting as Treasurer for the time being, or the said Agents General in London, as the case may be, [who is and are hereby required] to endorse on such Debenture a memorandum of the alteration.

Signature and Registry of Debentures.

VI. All Debentures made out and issued under this Act shall be signed by Her Majesty's Agents General for Crown Colonies on behalf of the Government of British Columbia, and entered in a Register to be called the "Debenture Register," a duplicate whereof shall be kept by the Agents General at the Offices in London, and another copy thereof by the Auditor of the said Colony, and such Debentures shall be deemed a primary charge upon all the Revenues of the said Colony, from whatever source arising; and all interest thereon, and the principal when due, shall be paid by the Treasurer of the said Colony out of such Revenues, under warrant to be issued by the said Governor in priority of all demands thereon, except the charge and expenses of the collection thereof.

Form, Date, Numbering.

VII. The said Debentures shall be in the form marked A, set forth in the Schedule to this Act, and shall bear date on the day of the issuing thereof, and shall be numbered arithmetically, each beginning with number one, and so proceeding in arithmetical progression ascending, wherein the common excess or difference shall be one.

Interest Coupons.

VIII. Interest Coupons shall be attached to each Debenture in the form marked B, set forth in the Schedule hereto.

Debentures transferable by delivery.

IX. The said Debentures shall be made payable to the bearers thereof, and shall pass by delivery only, and without any Assignment or Indorsement, and the holder or bearer for the time being of every such Debenture shall have the same rights and remedies in respect of the same, as if he were expressly named therein.

Sale of Debentures.

X. It shall be lawful for the said Governor to authorize the whole or any portion of the said Debentures to be negociated, contracted for, or sold by the Treasurer or the Agents General for Crown Colonies, and at such times, in such sums, and in such manner, as the said Governor may direct.

Payment of Loan.

XI. All monies raised under this Act shall be paid in such manner as the said Governor shall prescribe to the Treasurer of British Columbia, and shall by him be placed to the credit of an account to be called "The Roads Loan Account," to be applied to the purposes of surveying, constructing and maintaining Roads, and other works of communication within the said Colony, and in or towards the repayment of any sums borrowed, or to be borrowed and expended in such surveying, construction or maintenance; and to no other purposes whatsoever, and the said monies shall be accounted for in the same manner as if they formed part of the Current Revenue of the said Colony.

Sinking Fund.

XII. The said Governor shall provide for the redemption of the said Debentures, by authorizing and directing the Treasurer of the said Colony to appropriate half yearly out of the General Revenue of the Colony such sum as shall be equal to seven and a half per cent, on the total of the principal sum for which Debentures shall from time to time have been issued, and be for the time being outstanding, and after having paid the half year's interest therefrom, shall invest, or cause to be invested, the residue thereof as a Sinking Fund for the final extinction of the debt, and shall invest, or cause to be invested, the dividends, interest, or annual produce arising from such investment, so that the same may accumulate by way of compound interest.

Investment of Sinking Fund.

XIII. All sums paid to the account of the Sinking Fund, and all interest or produce arising therefrom, shall be invested under Trustees in the purchase of Imperial or Colonial Government securities. The nature of such securities, and the selection of such Trustees, shall be left to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Repurchase of Debentures.

XIV. Provided, nevertheless, that it shall be lawful for the said Governor, from time to time, to authorize the Agents General for the time being for Crown Colonies, or the said Treasurer of the said Colony for the time being, to repurchase the said Debentures to the amount of such monies as the said Governor may, by any Proclamation hereafter to be issued and passed by him, or out of the Current Revenue of the Colony, appropriate for that purpose, and for the Trustees of the said Sinking Fund to make use thereof, for the purpose of withdrawing Debentures from the market by purchase, and all Debentures so repurchased shall be forthwith cancelled and destroyed, and no re-issue of Debentures shall be made in consequence of such purchase and destruction.

Proportionate Reduction of Sinking Fund.

XV. From and after the date of any and every such repurchase of Debentures as last aforesaid, the amount then payable to the Sinking Fund shall be from time to time reduced in exact proportion to the amount of Debentures, for the time being, remaining unredeemed, and any monies remaining in the said Sinking Fund, after the loan hereby sanctioned is fully paid and satisfied, shall be forthwith paid over to the Treasurer and accounted for as General Revenue.

Trust Monies.

XVI. It shall be lawful for any Trustees, Executors, Administrators or Guardians, having the disposition of any trust monies, to purchase any such Debentures by and out of such trust monies; and every such purchase shall be deemed a due investment of such trust monies.

Non-Recognition of Trusts.

XVII. It shall not be necessary for the said Colonial Treasurer, Agents General, or any other person acting for or in behalf of the Government of the said Colony, to notice or regard, or inquire into the trusts to which any Debentures shall be liable, or the rights or authority of any one being the actual holder or bearer of any such Debentures as aforesaid; but payment to the actual holder or bearer thereof, or his lawful Agent, shall be deemed, in all cases, due payment, unless otherwise specially agreed in writing by, and under the hand of the Treasurer, Agents General or other person, acting as aforesaid for the time being, entrusted with the sale of such Debentures.

Forgery Felony.

XVIII. Any person who shall forge or alter, or shall utter or dispose of, or put off, knowing the same to be forged or altered, any Debenture, made out and issued under this Act, shall be guilty of Felony; and being thereof convicted, shall be imprisoned for any period not exceeding three years, with or without hard labor, at the discretion of the Judge before whom any such person shall be tried and convicted.

Short Title.

XIX. This Act may be cited as the "The British Columbia Loan Act, 1862."

{L.S.} Issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony, at Victoria, Vancouver Island, this 22d day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and in the twenty-sixth year of Her Majesty's reign, by me,

JAMES DOUGLAS.

By His Excellency's Command.
WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

schedule.

FORM A.

BRITISH COLUMBIA GOVERNMENT DEBENTURE.

No.—— £ S. D.

British Columbia Loan Act, 1862.

£50,000.

For [*one hundred pounds*] advanced to the Government of British Columbia, the holder of this Debenture is entitled to receive interest, at the rate of six per centum per annum, in half-yearly payments, payable at [*the offices of Her Majesty's Agents General for Crown Colonies in London, or the Treasury at New Westminster, as the case may be,*] on the 1st January and 1st July, in each year.

The said sum of [*one hundred*] pounds sterling, with the interest thereon, is charged upon and made payable out of the General Revenue of the Colony of British Columbia, as a first charge thereon, under the terms of "The British Columbia Loan Act, 1862," and the principal will be repaid [*in London at the aforesaid offices, or at the Treasury, New Westminster, as the case may be,*] at the expiration of Ten (10) years from the 1st day of January, 1863.

Signed on behalf of the Government of British Columbia, and in accordance with the provisions of the Act above cited.

——————— } Agents General
——————— } for Crown Colonies.

Registered,

———————

FORM B.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

No. 1. Half year's interest due [1st July, 1863,] on Debenture No.——. Payable at the [*offices of the Agents General for Crown Colonies, London, or the Treasury at New Westminster, as the case may be.*]

£————

——————— Agents General.

20 such Coupons, numbered from No. 1 upwards, to be attached to each Debenture Bond.

N. B.—The holder or bearer of this Debenture may alter the place of payment of principal and interest to the Treasury in New Westminster, or the offices of the Agents General for Crown Colonies in London, by giving six months previous notice in writing, terminating on the 1st day of January or 1st day of July, at the previous place of payment, [the Treasury in New Westminster, or the offices of the Agents General aforesaid for Crown Colonies in London, as the case may be,] of his wish to make such alteration, and causing the officer acting as Treasurer in New Westminster, or the said Agents General for Crown Colonies in London, as the case may be, to endorse on this Debenture a memorandum of such alteration.

List of Unclaimed Letters.

REMAINING in the Post Office, New Westminster, B. C., on the 1st of September, 1862:

Atkinson, Samuel
Armstrong, Anson 2
Archdale, Thomas
Andrews, John
Angus, James
Atkins, S H
Atkins, G A
Aylsworth, W N
Alley, Henry Lee

Baker, William 2
Beuse, J E, M D
Boughner, Walter
Bryden, James
Bangs, James 3
Brough, John
Borthwick, Alex
Berth, John
Bain, Alex H 2
Bowen, Joshua 2
Bowen, Stewart B
Best, Henry 2
Baillie, E P.
Byrnes, L F
Brew, C A
Bailey, R
Brunner, Joseph
Brownlee, R W
Blayney, Richard
Brown, William
Blackie, —
Bowland, John
Bowen, Charles
Barnhart, Jacob
Blackbile, Jacob
Baldwin, Henry
Black, Neil
Berting, Carl
Briselo, Joseph L
Bouch, James

Collinson, William
Cormack, John
Campbell, N T
Crawford, Alex
Crawford, F J
Conley, Riley
Caldwell, William
Campbell, Nelson W 2
Campbell, J J
Colton, D J
Coates, W
Coyle, Mrs
Chute, Aaron
Clotworthy, Adam
Conring, Rufus
Cooke, Geo G W
Chury, G L 3
Chirers, Joseph
Can, James
Clarihue, Joseph
Cameron, Alexander
Caswell, A T
Canidy, John
Campbell, William 2
Clark, James
Cromity, William
Cunningham, William
Caton, W K
Campbell, Daniel
Chandler, T S
Capel, C J

Dodge, Herman 2
Dixon, H
Decker, Mr
Dillon, James
Duar, David
Daily, Cornelius
Dobbins, John
Derlin, Robert
Dunn, Robert
Davies, Rees
Denham, Mr
Duncan, George
Davison, Lyons M 2
Dowson, N

Earle, Thomas
Easton, Dr John 3
Eddlelelerte, L
Edwards, John W
Ederwein, Herman
Elliott, Francis

Foley, Thomas S 3
Fairbairn, George
Flynn, R
Forster, Thomas
Fisk, Leander Major
Fanner, John 2
Fowles, Thomas
Flook, William
Fitzgerald, F C

Glendenning, Arch 2
Glasgow, R 2
Greenhow, Thomas 3
Gulbier, James
Gilmour, Thomas
Grahame, Thomas
Grey, Samuel 2
Green, John
Glunn, John
Gilbert, William
Gibson, John

Howard, William J 2
Hamilton, R 3
Hedley, Thomas 2
Holmes, R E
Hardie, Andrew
Hughes, Geo W 4
Hostetter, Herman R
Hall, Wesley
Hale, J N 2
Hodgkinson, George 2
Harbottle, Thomas
Hunter, Richard
Higgins, Mr
Hart, L J 2
Harris, John
Hunter, Capt John
Hallock, Wyatt C
Hamilton, Garvin

Holland, Mrs

Innes, James
Irvine, Joseph C 3
Ingersoll, Hiram G

Johnson, Alfred 2
Jepson, Charles
Jay, Dr
Jewell, H
Johnston, J S
James, Henry
Jacob, Seth W
Jackson, Duncan
Johnson, Edward

Keddy, John
Kyatt, Esgro
Kennedy, B S
Konehings, Mrs
Kerr, James
Kelso, Daniel
Kough, J Z
Kirkwood, James

Lansing, Henry
Landon, John F
Lambkins, Clark N
Lefran, Quesinal 2
Lexingstone, Dugald
Lord, Lyman
Lamond, Charles
Lyne, Henry
Loucks, Lucius D
Loen, Benjamin C
Ladner, Miss

McCraigh, E
McCabe, Patrick
McLemais, Robert
McIlmoyt, James 4
McBean, Alex John 2
McBane, John
McIntosh, A J
McFarline, Alex
McDonald, Dougald 2
McCaffrey, N L
McCaskill, William
McLennan, John
McMicking, Robert 2
McGregor, R P 2
McCarthy, H D
McKay, John
Manson, John
Maud, Henry H 2
Minribs, Robert J
Marchand, E Xavier
Mallone, James
Malshidadt, H W
Meager, James
Marlow, Peter
Morrison, Kenneth
Murphy, Thomas 2
Montgomery, James H
Mitchell, John
Merrill, Ethelbert

Nickolls, Samuel
Nourse, G S 4
Newsome, Thomas

Oernaley, Patrick
O'Rourke, Patrick 2
Orde, R H
Ousterhul, H B

Phelan, P
Perkin, William 3
Pow, Robert
Pike, James 2
Perkins, Huar
Prose, J H
Park, Andrew
Prager & Booth

Ring, John 2
Russell, Edward
Richards, Lewis S
Robinson, Joseph
Ross, F F
Reed, T P
Roberts, John

Smith, Joseph 2
Sturgis, C
Scott, Charles 2
Stevenson, Robert
Stormberg, George
Semlen, Charles A
Segern, George
Stedins, James
Simmons, William
Showers, Ezra G
Sliator, Edwin
Sollidar, Josephine
Sponernburg, Alex H B 2
Smith, M EcNaughten
Simpson, George
Stewart, Joseph
Simpson, James A
Stevenson, Arthur
Sinclair, Donald
Sharp, Edward
Scott, John

Turner, Jr. John 3
Tomkins, John J
Thorald, H W 2
Thatcher, James S
Toompson, James B 2
Turman, Geo
Taylor, Thomas
Thompson, Archibald 2
Thorne, John 2

Urquhart, O

Viarballing, G
Vanderburgh, John
Vollman, William

Wilson, Robert 3
Whitford, A J
Waddingham, Thomas
Winniford, John

Haly, Patrick
Hirsop, George
Harkness, George
Hall, Emily Smith
Hodgson, Jacob 2
Humphreys, Joseph
Hogg, Hugh
Haynes, George W
Hardy, Charles
Huffman, Hiram
Harris, George

Wettenhall, Tachry
Wearmouth, Robert
Whitner, H F
Wright, Edward
Woodcock, W H
White, James
Williams, William
Whitford, J F
Wilcox, James
Woodside, Thomas

WARNER R. SPALDING, J. P.,
Postmaster General B. C.

Government Assay Office,

NEW WESTMINSTER, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

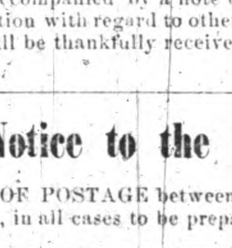
April 4th, 1861.

ASSAYS OF GOLD BULLION are made on the following terms, and under the following conditions:—

1. A receipt will be given to the Depositor for the exact gross weight of his deposit.

2. The resulting ingot will be delivered to any party returning the aforesaid receipt, whether the Depositor or any one else, and the party returning the receipt will be required to cancel it by his signature at the time of receiving the ingot.

3. Each ingot will be stamped with its *number*, corresponding to its number in the official records, with its *weight*, in ounces and decimals of ounces, its *fineness* in thousandths, and its *value* in dollars and cents; also with a Government cipher, a crown encircled by the words, "BRITISH COLUMBIA GOVERNMENT ASSAY"; thus:



and the clip corner will be protected by a small crown impressed on the face of it.

4. With each ingot will be given a certificate, signed by a Government officer, of the weight of the deposit before melting; its weight after; the fineness; the charge for assaying; and the value in dollars and cents.

5. For all bars not exceeding 50 ounces in weight, a charge of seven shillings and six pence (7s. 6d.) sterling will be made, and for every additional 10 ounces or fraction of same, one shilling and six pence (1s. 6d.).

All clips are retained in the Government Assay office; but on bars not exceeding 10 ounces in weight, allowance will be made off the assay charge, for the value of the clip.

N. B.—Bars assayed at this office, or DUST, may be exchanged for American coin, at the current market rates.

ASSAYS OF ORES are made at the charge of One Pound (£1.) for each specimen experimented upon.

FOR A COMPLETE ANALYSIS OF ANY MINERAL Two Pounds (£2.) is the charge.

W. DRISCOLL GOSSET.

P. S.—Useful geological specimens, whether metallic or not, if accompanied by a note of the locality where found, position with regard to other rocks, altitude, dip, &c., &c., will be thankfully received by me.

apr4 W. D. G.

Notice to the Public.

RATES OF POSTAGE between the undermentioned places, in all cases to be prepaid.

	Between New Westminster	Douglas	Hope	Yale	Lytton	Lillooet	Williams Lake	Quesnelle	Antler
New Westminster, Letters		5d	5d	5d	1s	1s	1s	1s	1s
New Westminster, Newspapers									
Douglas, Letters	5d		5d	5d	1s	1s	2s	3s	4s
Douglas, Newspapers	2½d								
Hope, Letters	5d	5d		5d	1s	1s	2s	3s	4s
Hope, Newspapers	2½d								
Yale, Letters	5d	5d	5d		1s	1s	2s	3s	4s
Yale, Newspapers	2½d								
Lytton, Letters	1s	1s	1s	1s		1s	2s	3s	4s
Lytton, Newspapers	5d								
Lillooet, Letters	1s	1s	1s	1s	1s		2s	3s	4s
Lillooet, Newspapers	5d								
Williams Lake, Letters	2s	2s	2s	2s	2s	2s		1s	2s
Williams Lake, Newspapers									
Quesnelle, Letters	3s	3s	3s	3s	3s	3s	1s		1s
Quesnelle, Newspapers									
Antler, Letters	4s	4s	4s	4s	4s	4s	2s	1s	
Antler, Newspapers									

WARNER R. SPALDING, J. P.,
Postmaster General, B. C.

General Post Office, British Columbia,
1st July, 1862. jy23

Ice! Ice!! Ice!!!

THREE HUNDRED TONS GOOD CLEAR FRASER RIVER ICE for sale by the subscriber. Delivered at any Port on the Sound.

☞ Send in your orders early to the undersigned,

S. W. HERRING,
Herring's Ranch.

New Westminster, July 4th, 1862. jy5 tf.

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

British Columbia.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 6, A. D. 1862.

By His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, Companion of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British Columbia and its Dependencies, Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

Preamble.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the session of Parliament held in the 21st and 22d years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled an Act to provide for the "Government of British Columbia," and by a Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, I, JAMES DOUGLAS, have been appointed Governor of the said colony, and have been authorized by Proclamation under the Public Seal of the said Colony, to make laws, institutions and ordinances, for the peace, order and good government of the same.

And whereas doubts have arisen whether the Proclamation made and passed on the 19th day of November, A. D., 1858, imports into the said Colony the laws in force in England for the proper observance of the Lord's Day.

And whereas for the better observance of the same it is expedient that all such doubts should be removed. Now therefore I do hereby declare, proclaim and enact as follows.

Declares the English Sunday laws to be in force here.

I. The law, statutory and otherwise, and the penalties for the enforcement thereof as at present existing and in force in England for the proper observance of the Lord's Day, commonly called Sunday, shall be deemed and taken to have been included in the Proclamation made and passed on the 19th November, A. D., 1858, and to be of full force and effect in the said Colony, with and under the same penalties, *mutatis mutandis*, in all respects as if the said laws had been specially mentioned and enacted in the said Proclamation of the 19th day of November, A. D., 1858.

Short Title.

II. This Act may be cited as "The Sunday Observance Act, 1862."

{L.S.} Issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony, at Victoria, Vancouver Island, this 22nd day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and in the twenty-sixth year of Her Majesty's reign, by me,

JAMES DOUGLAS.

By His Excellency's Command.
WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited by His Excellency the Governor for the construction of a BRIDGE for the heaviest Waggon traffic over the Thompson River, at Cook & Kimball's Ferry, or at such other point where the Waggon Road now in course of construction by Messrs. Oppenheimer, Lewis and Moberly, shall strike that river.

The Bridge to have not less than a clear available width of 18 feet between the hand-rails, or of 20 feet, if formed in two parallel roadways.

Parties tendering are to forward Designs of the Bridge they propose to construct, with the necessary Report and Specifications in full; also, Plans showing the approaches, and a Section of the River at the place of construction, showing the highest flood lines.

The Designs are to be drawn to a scale of not less than ten feet to the inch for the Plan, Sections, &c., of the complete Bridge and Approaches, and of not less than four feet to the inch for all details of construction.

All Plans are to have the dimensions figured on them, and the Drawings of the details are to be very complete in this respect.

The Gradients of the Approaches should not be less than one in thirty, and must be made to ascend towards the Bridge for a distance of 50 feet measured from it, and the length of the Approaches, which are to be included in the work and in the Tender for the Bridge, are to be 100 yards on each side.

The remuneration will be a Charter granting the privilege of Tolls for a certain period of years, the amount of Toll and period to be named in each Tender.

In stating the amount of Toll the Ton is to be calculated at two thousand two hundred and forty pounds avoirdupois, or forty cubic feet measurement.

The power of exacting Toll will not take effect until the Bridge shall have been completed, accepted by the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, or his agent, and the Charter signed.

The person to whom the Charter is granted, will be required to keep the Bridge and Approaches of the above stipulated length in a complete state of repair during the period of such Charter.

At the expiration of the period of the Charter, all right to, or interest in, the whole of the work, will be resigned in favor of the Government of British Columbia.

Any further information that may be required, will be given at this Office.

The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest, or any offer, but in considering the Tenders, it will be guided by the lowness of the Tolls, shortest period of Charter, time of completion of the Bridge, and character of Design as to its fitness for the locality, together with the principles of construction and strength, and correctness of detail.

Increased duration for time of completion of the Bridge, would meet with favorable consideration or otherwise, according to the character of durability in its construction:—as, for instance, Iron or Stone in preference to Wood.

For the due and proper completion of the work security to the amount of Five Thousand (£5,000) Pounds Sterling will be required.

Each Tender must be accompanied by a Bond (blank forms to be obtained on application) signed by two parties of known respectability and means, pledging themselves to be jointly and severally bound to the Government of British Columbia in the above mentioned sum *for the commencement and undertaking of the contract if awarded*, and for the proper execution and faithful performance, according to the terms of the Specification and Articles of Agreement to be entered into, of the work by the party or parties for whom they are willing to become security. In case of non-compliance with this requirement, no Tender will be entertained.

Blank Forms of Bonds may be obtained on application at this office, or at that of the Assistant Commissioners of Lands at Yale and Lytton.

Tenders to be sent in to the office of the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works by Wednesday, the 1st October next, marked "Tender for Bridge over Thompson River."

By order of His Excellency the Governor,
R. C. MOODY, Col. R. E.,
and Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works.

Lands and Works Department,
New Westminster, 3d July, 1862. jy5

FRESH VEGETABLES.

THE SUBSCRIBER is now prepared to supply the City with Fresh Vegetables of all sorts, in season, at the most moderate rates.

S. W. HERRING.

Herring's Ranch, July 4th, 1862.

Printed and published every Wednesday and Saturday, by JOHN ROBSON, at the office, Lytton Square, New Westminster, in the Colony of British Columbia.